



The Arab Spring: Pathways of Repression and Reform

9:05 – 9:15am

Introductory Remarks



Jeremi Suri holds the Mack Brown Distinguished Chair for Leadership in Global Affairs, and he is a professor in both the Lyndon B. Johnson School of Public Affairs and the Department of History at the University of Texas at Austin. Professor Suri was previously with the University of Wisconsin, where he was the E. Gordon Fox Professor of History, the Director of the European Union Center of Excellence, and the Director of the Grand Strategy Program. He has received numerous awards for his research and teaching. Smithsonian Magazine named him one of America's "Top Young Innovators" in the Arts and Sciences in 2007.

Professor Suri is the author of five books, including the widely acclaimed biography of one of America's most distinguished diplomats, *Henry Kissinger and the American Century*. Professor Suri's most recent book, *Liberty's Surest Guardian: American Nation-Building from the Founders to Obama*, was widely reviewed in the *New York Times*, *Foreign Affairs*, and other international media. Professor Suri is a frequent contributor to these newspapers and magazines, as well as social media. He is now completing a major new book, tentatively titled *The Reactive Presidency*, on the challenges of formulating strategy in a complex and fast-moving international environment.

9:15 – 10:30am

Panel 1: The Arab Spring: Pathways of Repression and Reform



Jason Brownlee joined the Department of Government at the University of Texas at Austin in 2005, after finishing his doctorate in Politics at Princeton University and spending a year as a post-doctoral fellow at Stanford University. A native of North Carolina, Professor Brownlee has been visiting and researching Egypt since 1995, when he studied in Cairo for the first time as an Emory undergraduate abroad. He has published numerous articles and two books addressing Egyptian and international politics. In 2014 he is completing a third, co-authored book, on the Arab uprisings of 2010-2011. Brownlee's research and

teaching address questions related to US foreign policy, the Middle East, and comparative political economy.



Tarek Masoud is an associate professor of public policy at Harvard University's John F. Kennedy School of Government. A political scientist and Middle East specialist, his research focuses on the role of religion in the Muslim world's political development. He is the author of *Counting Islam: Religion, Class, and Elections in Egypt* (Cambridge University Press, 2014), and is the co-editor of *Problems and Methods in the Study of Politics* (Cambridge, 2004) and *Order, Conflict, and Violence* (Cambridge, 2008). His articles and reviews have appeared in the *Journal of Democracy*, *Middle Eastern Law and Governance*, the

Washington Quarterly, *Foreign Policy*, and the *International Journal of Middle East Studies*,

among others. Masoud is the recipient of grants and fellowships from the National Science Foundation, the Carnegie Corporation of New York, and the Paul and Daisy Soros Foundation. He holds an AB from Brown and a Ph.D from Yale, both in political science.



Andrew Reynolds is an Associate Professor of Political Science at UNC Chapel Hill and the Chair of Global Studies. He received his M.A. from the University of Cape Town and his Ph.D. from the University of California, San Diego. His research and teaching focus on democratization, constitutional design and electoral politics. He is particularly interested in the presence and impact of minorities and marginalized communities. He has worked for the United Nations, the International Institute for Democracy and Electoral Assistance (IDEA), the UK Department for International Development, the US State Department, the National Democratic Institute, the International Republican Institute, the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) and the International Foundation for Election Systems. He has also served as a consultant on issues of electoral and constitutional design for Afghanistan, Angola, Burma, Egypt, Fiji, Guyana, Indonesia, Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Netherlands, Netherlands Antilles, Northern Ireland, Sierra Leone, South Africa, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, Yemen, and Zimbabwe; most recently in Libya, Egypt and Burma. He has received research awards from the U.S. Institute of Peace, the National Science Foundation, the US Agency for International Development, and the Ford Foundation. Among his books are *Designing Democracy in a Dangerous World* (Oxford, 2011), *The Architecture of Democracy: Constitutional Design, Conflict Management, and Democracy* (Oxford, 2002), *Electoral Systems and Democratization in Southern Africa* (Oxford, 1999), *Election 99 South Africa: From Mandela to Mbeki* (St. Martin's, 1999), and *Elections and Conflict Management in Africa* (USIP, 1998), co-edited with T. Sisk. In 2012 he embarked on a two year research project to study the impact of LGBT national parliamentarians on public policy around the world. His articles have appeared in journals including *World Politics*, *Democratization*, *Politics and Society*, *Electoral Studies*, *Journal of Democracy*, *The Journal of Commonwealth and Comparative Politics*, and *Political Science Quarterly*. He has published opinion pieces in the *New York Times*, *Washington Post*, *Chicago Tribune*, *Christian Science Monitor*, and *San Diego Union Tribune*. His work has been translated into French, Spanish, Arabic, Serbo-Croat, Albanian, Burmese, and Portuguese.

10:45 – 12:00pm

Panel 2: Assessing Our Understanding of the Arab Spring



Melani Cammett is Professor of Political Science and a faculty fellow at the Watson Institute and at the Population Studies and Training Center at Brown. She specializes in the political economy of development and the Middle East, and teaches graduate and undergraduate courses on comparative politics, development, and Middle East politics. Her recent books include *Compassionate Communalism: Welfare and Sectarian in Lebanon* and a co-edited volume, *The Politics of Non-State Social Welfare*, both published in 2014 by Cornell University Press. She has published numerous scholarly articles and policy-oriented papers and consults for development policy organizations.



Gregory Gause joined the Bush School of in 2014 as the head of the Department of International Affairs and holds the John H. Lindsey '44 Chair. He was previously at the University of Vermont, where he was professor of political science from 1995 to 2014 and, from 2010 to 2013, chair of its Department of Political Science. He served as director of the University's Middle East Studies Program from 1998 to 2008. Since 2012, he has also been a Non-Resident Senior Fellow at the Brookings Doha Center. Dr. Gause received his PhD in political science from Harvard University (1987) and studied Arabic at the American University in Cairo (1982-83) and at Middlebury College (1984). A noted Middle East scholar for more than two decades and widely recognized for his expertise, Dr. Gause has focused his research on the international politics of the Middle East, with a particular interest in the Arabian Peninsula and the Persian Gulf. He has published three books, the most recent of which is *The International Relations of the Persian Gulf* (Cambridge University Press, 2010). His articles have appeared in *Foreign Affairs*, *Foreign Policy*, *Security Studies*, *Middle East Journal*, and *The National Interest*, as well as in other journals and edited volumes. He has testified on Persian Gulf issues before the Committee on International Relations of the US House of Representatives and the US Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Prior to his tenure at the University of Vermont, Dr. Gause served on the faculty at Columbia University (1987-1995) and was Fellow for Arab and Islamic Studies at the Council on Foreign Relations in New York (1993-94). He was the Kuwait Foundation visiting professor of international affairs at the Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University (2009-10), and a Fulbright scholar at the American University in Kuwait (spring 2009). In spring 2010, he was a research fellow at the King Faisal Center for Islamic Studies and Research in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia.



Amaney Jamal is the Edward S. Sanford Professor of Politics at Princeton University and director of the Mamdouha S. Bobst Center for Peace and Justice. Jamal also directs the Workshop on Arab Political Development. She currently is President of the Association of Middle East Women's Studies (AMEWS). The focus of her current research is democratization and the politics of civic engagement in the Arab world. Her interests also include the study of Muslim and Arab Americans and the pathways that structure their patterns of civic engagement in the U.S. Jamal's books include *Barriers to Democracy*, which explores the role of civic associations in promoting democratic effects in the Arab world (winner 2008 APSA Best Book Award in comparative democratization); and, as coauthor, *Race and Arab Americans Before and After 9/11: From Invisible Citizens to Visible Subjects* (2007) and *Citizenship and Crisis: Arab Detroit after 9/11* (2009). Her most recent book, *Of Empires and Citizens*, was published by Princeton University Press, Fall 2012. In addition to her role as director of Princeton's Workshop on Arab Political Development, Jamal is a co-director of Princeton's Luce Project on Migration, Participation, and Democratic Governance in the U.S., Europe, and the Muslim World; principal investigator of the Arab Barometer Project, winner of the Best Dataset in the Field of Comparative Politics (Lijphart/Przeworski/Verba Dataset Award 2010); co-PI of the Detroit Arab American Study, a sister survey to the Detroit Area Study; and senior advisor on the Pew Research Center projects focusing on Islam in America (2006) and Global Islam (2010). Ph.D. University of Michigan. In 2005, Jamal was named a Carnegie Scholar.